United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Nicholas Bohr Barn—Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County (TR)
and or common Joseph Staudenmaier Barn

2. Location

street & number SE 1/4, SW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, S 3, T 4 S, R 2 1/4 E

not for publication

city, town Troy

state Kansas code 20 county Doniphan code 43

3. Classification

Category

district X building(s)
structure
site
object

Ownership public X private both

Status X occupied _ unoccupied _ work in progress

Present Use X agriculture _ commercial _ park _ educational _ private residence

Accessible X yes: restricted _ yes: unrestricted _ no

_ museum _ entertainment _ religious _ government _ scientific _ transportation

_ military _ other:

4. Owner of Property

name Joseph R. Staudenmaier etux

street & number Rt. 2

city, town Troy

state Kansas 66087

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Registry of Deeds

street & number Doniphan County Courthouse

city, town Troy state Kansas 66087

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

title Doniphan County Cultural Resources has this property been determined eligible? yes X no
date Survey 1985 federal state county local

depository for survey records Kansas State Historical Society, 120 W. 10th

city, town Topeka state Kansas 66612
7. Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
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<tr>
<td>X excellent</td>
<td>X original site</td>
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<tr>
<td>--- good</td>
<td>unaltered</td>
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<tr>
<td>____ fair</td>
<td>--- moved</td>
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<td>____ deteriorated</td>
<td>--- date</td>
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<td>____ ruins</td>
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<td>____ unexposed</td>
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Nicholas Bohr Barn (ca. 1879) is located on the Joseph Staudemaier Farm near Troy, Kansas (pop. 1,240). The one-story, three-bay, center entrance, board and batten barn has a partial byre with a limestone foundation and metal sheathed, gable roof. The superstructure is supported by nailed, post and beam framing. The barn has a north to south orientation, with the byre located in the eastern third of the eastern gable end, built into embankments on its north and west sides. The barn measures thirty feet from north to south.

Vertically planked, double leaf rolling doors stand in the center bays of the north and south elevations. Stock stalls are located in the western bay of the threshing floor and the granary is located in the eastern bay. The center bay is used for wagon/machinery storage. Horizontal plank walls divide the bays. Hay lofts stand above the threshing floor in the eastern and western bays. A rectangular hay door surmounts the north wagon door. Rectangular vents pierce the barn's eastern and western gables. The barn is painted red.

Originally constructed as a dairy barn, the building maintains a high degree of architectural and structural integrity. The significant alteration to the barn has been the replacement of the original wooden roof with a metal roof. This is an alteration common to many of the barns included in this nomination.
8. Significance

<table>
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Specific dates    ca. 1879  Builder/Architect  Unknown

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Nicholas Bohr Barn (ca. 1879) is being nominated to the National Register as part of the Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County (ca. 1860–1933) nomination under criterion C for its architectural significance. Constructed for Nicholas Bohr, a native of Alsace/Lorraine, who is listed in the 1860 census, the barn is an example of a three-bay, center entrance, partial byre, board and batten, gable roof and limestone foundation structure with a threshing floor and hay loft. The Bohr family retained ownership of the barn until 1956, when it was purchased by Joseph Staudenmaier.

The eighteen nominated barns share a common feature in that at least one side of each barn’s foundation is embedded in an earthen bank or bluff; the majority of the barns are built into shallow banks, two of the barns are built into bluffs. These vernacular wooden and cement structures span a seventy year construction period and exhibit various masonry foundation, skeletal structures, and superstructures. The byre and bluff barns of Doniphan County are an excellent example of a vernacular form of architecture which was built to take advantage of the hilly topography of the county. These barns are representative of approximately thirty byre and bluff barns identified in a 1984–1985 cultural resource survey of Doniphan County. The remaining barns are too altered and/or deteriorated to be included in this nomination. Most of the nominated barns were constructed for stock and dairy cattle and remain in active use on working farms. The relative rarity of byre and bluff barns in Doniphan County and the high degree of architectural and structural integrity maintained by the nominated barns make this thematic grouping of vernacular agricultural structures extremely significant.

Doniphan County (est. 1855) experienced a substantial population increase in the twenty years following the Civil War, with many settlers moving from Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Germany. The barn building traditions brought by these settlers combined with the suitable topography contributed to the building of the byre and bluff barn type in Doniphan County. Most of the nominated barns are three-bay, center entrance, gable roof structures with limestone foundations, a full byre, a threshing floor, and a hay loft. There are groupings of period types, such as the board and batten barns with louvered vents from the 1870s and 1880s, the large, gambrel roof barns from 1910s, 1920s and 1930s, and the gradual transition from post and beam construction to plank framing.

In 1891 J. D. Walters of the Kansas State Agricultural College called the byre (bank)/bluff barn an "all-purpose barn of the Kansas farmer" in an article entitled "The Barn," which was published in the Quarterly Report of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. Walters described the bank barn as follows:

It gives a warm basement for the milk cows and cattle, and an accessible second story for the draught animals—for tools, machines, harness, and grain—and a roomy attic, or loft, for hay, straw, and fodder. In many states this form is objectionable for sanitary reasons, but in the dry climate of Kansas it is preferable to any other, unless there should be an unusually moist ledge directly against or under it...The building should be
located so that the basement will be partly in the ground on the north and west, and so that a low embankment, or filling, on these sides will give access to the second story.

While the byre or bluff barn presented a practical solution for Doniphan County's rolling topography, harsh winters, and high winds, it was not the most common solution. The byre and bluff barns built between 1860 and 1933 generally cost from $2,000.00 to $3,000.00 and while this may have been cost effective investment, it was an expensive investment. In addition, the higher degree of skilled craftsmanship required to construct a byre or bluff barn as opposed to most barns without foundations also hindered their construction. While the byre and bluff barns of Doniphan County are a sturdy survivor of a barn type built in Doniphan County between 1860 and 1933 they are not prolific, being far outnumbered by more inexpensive, rectangular wooden barns without foundations.
10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property: Less than 1 acre.

Quadrangle name: Atchison NE

UTM References:

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Quadrangle scale: 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification: The nominated property is located on the SE 1/4, SW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, S3, T4S, R21E in Doniphan County, Kansas on a tract measuring 56 x 50 feet, whose northeast corner is 14.1 feet directly northeast of the northeast corner of the barn's foundation. Beginning at the northeast corner of the parcel the boundary proceeds 50 feet south, 56 feet west, 50 feet north, and 56 feet east to the point of beginning.

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries:

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11. Form Prepared By

name/title: Martha Gray Hagedorn, Architectural Historian

organization: Kansas State Historical Society
date: October 28, 1986

street & number: 120 W. 10th
telephone: 913-296-5264

city or town: Topeka
state: Kansas
66612

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

national: _

state: _

local: X

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

State Historic Preservation Officer signature: [Signature]
title: Executive Director, Kansas State Historical Society
date: October 28, 1986

For NPS use only:
I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register
date: [Date]

Keeper of the National Register

Attest:

Chief of Registration
BIBLIOGRAPHY—Byre and Bluff Barns of Doniphan County


Emmert, D.B. Rural Kansan. (Humboldt, Kansas: November 1873–October 1874).

Euler and Euler, Attorneys at Law. Abstractors Index for Doniphan County, 1860–1933.


Kansas State Board of Agriculture. Biennial Reports, 1875–1900.


Walters, J.D. "The Barn," The Quarterly Report of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. 31 March 1891.
Nicholas Bohr Barn
Troy vicinity, Kansas
Martha Hagedorn
July, 1986
Kansas State Historical Society
South & West elevations, NE view
1 of 5

Nicholas Bohr Barn
Troy vicinity, Kansas
Martha Hagedorn
July, 1986
Kansas State Historical Society
East elevation, SE corner, West view
3 of 5

Nicholas Bohr Barn
Troy vicinity, Kansas
Martha Hagedorn
July, 1986
Kansas State Historical Society
North & East elevations, SW view
2 of 5

Nicholas Bohr Barn
Troy vicinity, Kansas
Martha Hagedorn
July, 1986
Kansas State Historical Society
Byre level, SE corner, West view
4 of 5

Nicholas Bohr Barn
Troy vicinity
Martha Hagedorn
July, 1986
Kansas State Historical Society
First level (threshing floor), West view
5 of 5